

Past Paper Analysis- Criminology

Section 1

I. Introduction

Basic concepts used in understanding crime, criminality, and criminal.

II. Understanding Criminology

Definition, meaning and scope of criminology, Criminology and criminal law, Crime as social problem, Crime and social organization, related concepts: Deviance, Sin and Vice

III. Crime and Criminals

Occasional criminals, Habitual criminals, Professional criminals, White-collar crime, Organized crime, corporate crimes.

IV. Crime and Criminality: Theoretical Perspectives

Early explanation of criminal behavior

1. Classical School
2. Positivist School (Biological and Psychological Explanations)
3. Positivist School (Sociological Explanation)
4. Social Disorganization theory
5. Strain theory
6. Social Control theory
7. Learning theory
8. Labeling Theory

✓ Islamic Perspective on deviance and crime

1. Explain the nature and importance of Criminology in detail. (2016)
2. Define the term Crime and Criminals. Explain the types of criminals in detail. (2016)
3. Write a critical note on the increasing importance of criminology in Pakistan. Also discuss the historical development of criminology as a scientific discipline. (2017)
4. Enlist the criminological perspectives. Briefly describe the three criminological perspectives on the study of crime and criminal behavior. (2017)
5. Define Criminology. Discuss the scope of criminology in Pakistan. (2018)
6. What is the Islamic perspective on crime and punishment? Explain your answer with the help of proper examples. (2018)
7. Travis Hirschi argued that crime results when an individual's bond to society is weak or broken. Discuss in detail what this theory of social bonding explains about crime. (2019)
8. Discuss the fundamental postulates of Edwin Sutherland's 'Differential Association theory' with examples. (2019)
9. What is your take on nature vs nurture debate on criminology? (2020)
10. Define and explain the following concepts: (2020)
 - 1) Left Realism and Right Realism
 - 2) Phrenology and Physiognomy
 - 3) Corporal Punishment and Capital Punishment
 - 4) Sociology of Law, Criminal Etiology and Penology

Section 2

V. Juvenile Delinquency

Meaning, definitions (Behavioral Vs Legal), Juvenile delinquent Vs status offender, Official statistics of Juvenile Delinquency

VI. Juvenile Justice System

- ✓ Role of police
- ✓ Juvenile court process:
 - Pretrial, Trial and Sentencing
 - Role of prosecutor, defense counsel, juvenile judge, juvenile probation officer
- ✓ Juvenile correctional institutions, probation, and non-punitive alternatives

VII. The Criminal Justice System:

- ✓ Police and its role
- ✓ Trial and Conviction of Offenders
 - Agencies: formal and informal
 - Criminal courts: procedures and problems
 - Role of prosecutors
- ✓ Prisons, Probation and Parole

VIII. Punitive and Reformative Treatment of Criminals

Corporal punishment, Imprisonment, Rehabilitation of criminals.

1. Write a note on Crime Control Agencies. (2016)
2. Define the term Probation. Discuss the conditions of probation. (2016)
3. Write a comprehensive note on the juvenile justice system of Pakistan. Suggest measures for the improvement of Juvenile justice system of Pakistan. (2017)
4. Write short notes on: (2017)
 - 1) Causes of juvenile delinquency in Pakistan
 - 2) Probation and parole
5. What is juvenile delinquency? Explain the nature, extent and causes of juvenile delinquency in Pakistan. Suggest remedial measures for reducing juvenile delinquency in Pakistan. (2018)
6. Trace back the history and development of police organization in Pakistan. (2018)
7. Discuss some of the functions and responsibilities of Juvenile Justice System. Do you believe that Juvenile Justice has played its role in prevention of juvenile crimes in Pakistan? (2019)
8. How far recidivism has been limited by the institution of prison? Explain some of the modern strategies used in prison for the restoration and reintegration of criminals. (2019)
9. Write a comprehensive note on risks and protective factors juvenile delinquency. (2020)
10. What is recidivism? What kind of institutional modern strategies can be used for the reintegration of the criminals in Pakistan?

Section 3

IX. Criminal Investigation

Principles of criminal investigation, Manual of preliminary investigation, Intelligence Operations, Data base investigation, Electronic investigation, Forensic Investigation

X. Techniques of Investigations

Gathering information from persons, Interviewing and interrogation techniques, Criminal investigation analysis,

XI. Legal and Ethical Guidelines for Investigators

Stop and frisk operations, Arrest procedures, Search, and seizure.

XII. International Policing and Criminal Justice Monitoring Organizations

UNAFEI, INTERPOL, EUROPOL, UNODC, UNICEF, IPA, etc.

1. Enlist and discuss the principles of criminal investigation. (2016)
2. Discuss in detail the "Interviewing and Interrogation Techniques" of investigation. (2016)
3. Write a comprehensive note on the principles of criminal investigation. Illustrate with examples from Pakistan. (2017)
4. Elaborate importance of legal and ethical guidelines for the criminal investigation of gender-based crimes. Support your answer with examples from Pakistani society. (2017)
5. What is Criminal investigation? Explain the key principles of criminal investigation. (2018)
6. To what extent Interpol has been successful in reducing organized crime at international level. Discuss. (2018)
7. Define and differentiate interviewing and interrogation techniques. How far human rights of criminals are being violated during the interrogation process? (2019)
8. How the forensic science is a helpful tool in the modern day for determining and detection of violent crimes? (2019)
9. Define Criminal Investigation and its principles. Highlight with examples the importance of modern techniques used for crime detection in Pakistan. (2020)
10. The international police organization ICPO, INTERPOL was founded in 1914 with the founding principle to coordinate efforts relating to international police cooperation. How do you see the role of INTERPOL for reducing money laundering with special reference to Pakistan? (2020)

Section 4

XIII. Modern Concepts in Contemporary Criminology

- ✓ Terrorism, Radicalism and War on Terror
- ✓ Media's representation of Crime and the Criminal Justice System
- ✓ Modern Law Enforcement and Crime Prevention
 - Intelligence-led Policing
 - Community Policing
 - Private Public Partnership
- ✓ Gender and Crime in Urban and Rural Pakistan
- ✓ Crime and Urbanization, Organized Crime and White-Collar Crime
- ✓ Human Rights Abuses and Protection, especially of Children; Women and Minorities; The role of civil society and NGOs
- ✓ Money-laundering
- ✓ Cyber Crime
- ✓ Role of NAB, FIA, ANF

1. Write a detailed note on Cyber Crime. (2016)
2. Write short notes on any two of the following: (2016)
 - 1) Money Laundering
 - 2) White-collar crimes
 - 3) Criminal Law
3. Write a critical note on the role of law enforcement agencies in the control of terrorism in Pakistan. Suggest measures to minimize radicalization in Pakistan. (2017)
4. Write notes on: (2017)
 - 1) Money-laundering in Pakistan
 - 2) Gender and Crime
5. Intelligence-led policing has become an effective model of policing in tackling organized crime. Discuss the background and key principles of intelligence-led policing. (2018)
6. Discuss the laws and institutional arrangements for controlling money laundering in Pakistan. (2018)
7. Cybercrime is increasing at national and international levels. Suggest some measures to control this kind of crime. (2019)
8. How do violent crimes affect social fabric of Pakistani society? Discuss some of the modern policing strategies for prevention and control of the violent crimes in Pakistan. (2019)
9. Explain the institutional corrections and alternative community correction strategies in detail. Support your answer with examples where appropriate. (2020)
10. Keeping in view the social learning perspective in criminology, discuss how terrorists use internet as a tool to reinforce their ideology among youth in Pakistan (2020)